



LOADING BAYS





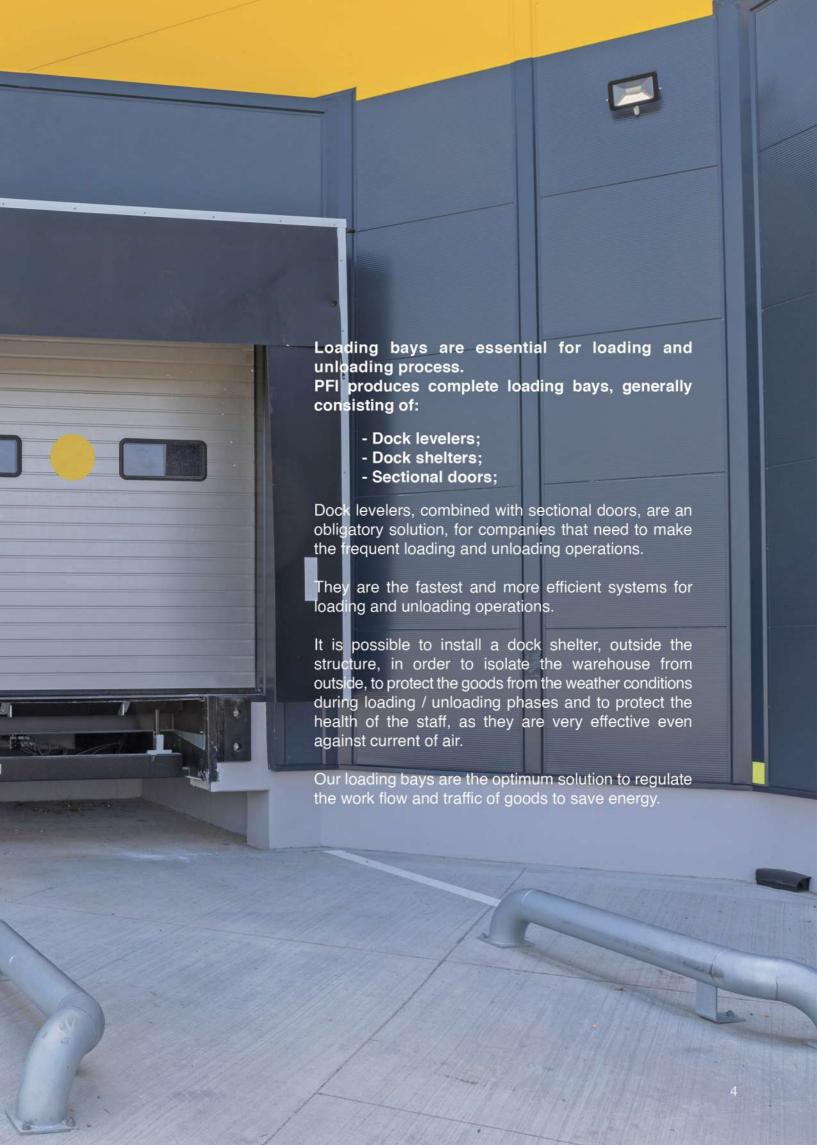


We know the needs of technicians all over the world:

YEARS EXPERIENCE

Exporting our innovative products to a network of over 50 countries showcases the seamless fusion of Italian technology and design that defines our brand's global presence and success.





SWINGING LIP

Swinging lip hydraulic dock levelers are the most used type in loading and unloading operations.



6.000 kg

400 mm

Standard capacity

Lip length

/ BASIC SPECIFICATIONS

Platform thickness

Lip thickness

Vertical working range

GLO^{mm}

12/13 mm

+640 / -300^m

Standard color

Maximum width

Maximum length

7016 RAL

2.200 ""

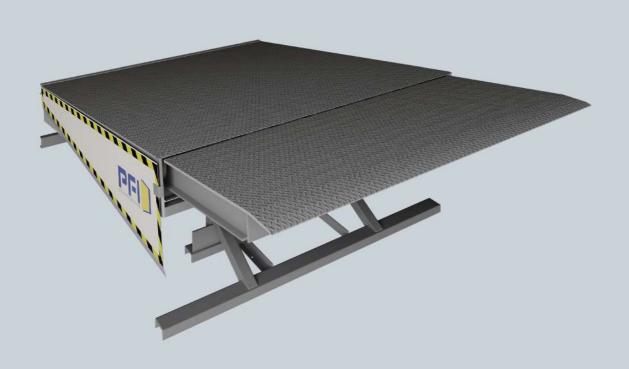
3.000^m

The dock leveler structure consists of lip, platform and frame which is made of painted galvanized steel sheet.

The main platform and the lip are made from SD37 grade galvanized steel sheet. It performs the lifting and lowering operation of the main platform by using a single piston placed under the platform.

TELESCOPIC LIP

Telescopic lip hydraulic dock levelers are the most suitable solution for places where high termal insulation is required.



6.000 kg

1.000 mm

Standard capacity

Lip length

/ BASIC SPECIFICATIONS

Platform thickness

Lip thickness

Vertical working range

Q₁2 mm

12/13 mm

+640 / -300 "

Standard color

Maximum width

Maximum length

7016 RAL

2.200 ""

3.000 mm

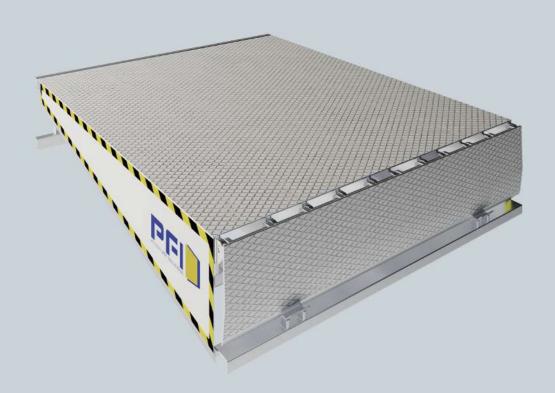
The dock leveler structure consists of lip, platform and frame which is made of painted galvanized steel sheet.

The main platform and the lip are made from SD37 grade galvanized steel sheet. It performs the lifting and lowering operation of the main platform by using two pistons placed under the platform.

DOCK LEVELER

GALVANIZED STEEL

Hot-dip galvanizing is a useful process for creating a robust barrier against oxidation and prolonging the life of the dock leveler.



GALVANIZED STEEL DOCK LEVELER

GALVANIZED TO LAST FOREVER. THE STRENGTH THAT SUPPORTS EVERY STEP

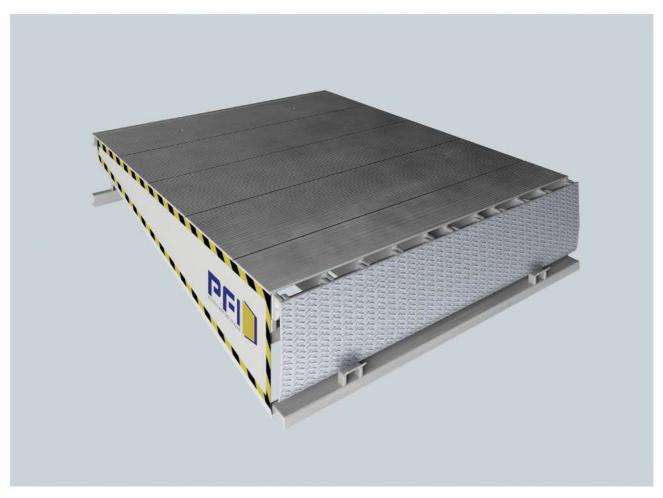
PFI produces a totally hot-dip galvanized steel version. In order to guarantee excellent galvanisation on every detail of the dock leveler, we have developed a product that does not require any welding. In fact, this version is made up of a frame and a fully bolted platform.

Aluminum dock levelers

PFI produces aluminum hydraulic dock leveler.
The advantages of using aluminum compared to steel are: the total absence of rust formation and simplified transport, due to the small size of the product.

The structure of our aluminum dock levelers, with swinging lip, is provided with a forklift-eye, so that the pit installation is facilitated by the forklift.

Thanks to the use of aluminum, it provides more durability over time than standard dock levelers since it does not require surface finishes (paint galvanizing) and does not rust.



6.000 kg

370 mm

Capacity

Lip length

/ BASIC SPECIFICATIONS

Platform

mm (H)

Maximum load

1 2 N/mm²

Oil allowed

Hydraulic 32

Standard color

Maximum width

Maximum length

Aluminum

2.200 mm

3.000 "

The dock leveler structure consists of lip, platform and frame.

The platform and lip are made of extruded aluminium.

Upon request it is possible to have the lip in galvanized steel, with a total length of 400mm.

During assembly process, the pits for housing the platform must be prepared according to indications provided by PFI.

ACCESSORIES

All dock levelers can be equipped with many accessories, useful for various applications



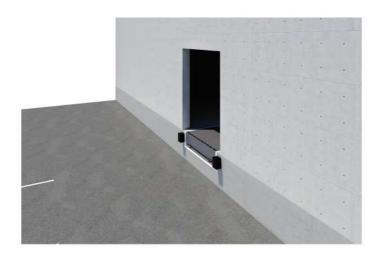


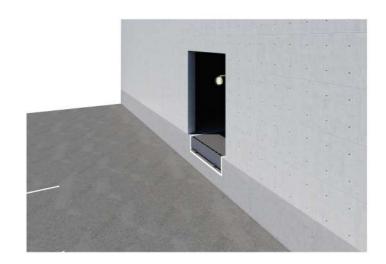
ROUTING BARRIER

Installed at a distance equivalent to the width of the vehicles

WHEEL CHOCKS

Installed in the ground will block the vehicles





BUMPERS

To prevent the vehicle from crashing the dock leveler

LIGHTING SYSTEM

To increase visibility in the vehicles



TRAFFIC LIGHT

To indicate whether the loading bay is free or occupied

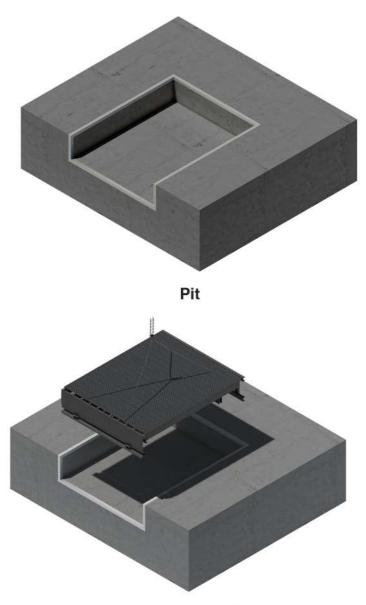
Dock levelers easy installation

During assembly process, the pits for housing the platform must be prepared according to indications provided by PFI. The pit must be surrounded by L-shaped steel profiles (not included) firmly anchored to the concrete by means of clamps.

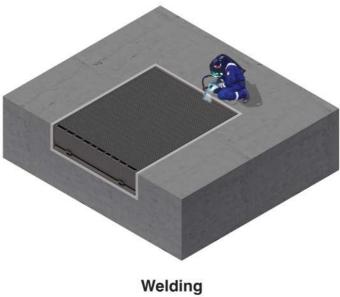
The dock leveler must be raised using the tie rods (not included), fixed in the appropriate anchors in the platform and inserted from above into the prepared pit.

Once correctly positioned, the dock leveler must be welded on the rear corners prepared in the pit.





Dock leveler installation



We are producing three models of dock shelters for loading bays

PROTECTIVE, INSULATING, RELIABLE

The dock shelters guarantee continuity to the cold chain.

They are designed to isolate the vehicle and loading area from air permeability and dust.

Depending on the needs and the type of use, three types of dock shelters are used: standard, cushions and inflatable.

The last two are particularly suitable for areas where thermal insulation is required.





RETRACTILE

Standard dock shelters are commonly used where extremely high thermal insulation is not required.



2,9^{mm}

Front sheet thickness

900 gr/m²

Perimeter sheet thickness

/ BASIC SPECIFICATIONS

Operation Vertical sheets width Horizontal sheet height

Manual 700^{mm} 1.000^{mm}

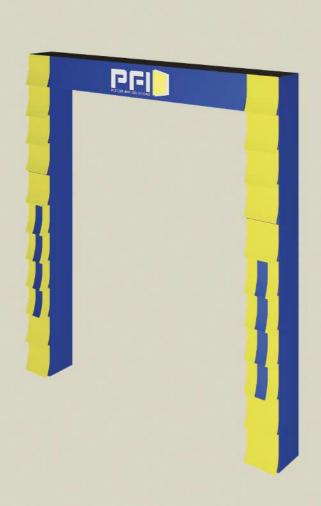
Standard color Width Height

Black 3.400 ^{mm} 3.500 ^{mm}

Standard dock shelter consists of an aluminum structure, anchored to the outer wall of the loading bay, a PVC sheet that surrounds the structure around the entire perimeter and black PVC coated flaps on the front, which will adhere to the truck.

CUSHIONS

Cushions dock shelters, with their ability to keep the internal temperature stable, are often used in refrigerated rooms.



32 kg/m³

680 gr/m²

Foam density

Coating sheet thickness

/ BASIC SPECIFICATIONS

Operation Upper cushion height

Lateral cushion width

Manual

300 mm

300 mm

Standard color

Maximum width

Maximum height

Blue

3.000

3.000 ""

Isothermal vans, when placed in the loading compartment, provide excellent insulation by appling pressure on the cushions.

mm

The cushions consist of a core of flexible foam covered with reinforced PVC.

They can be fixed or mobile if an isothermal van needs to be used on different dimensions.

INFLATABLE

Inflatable dock shelters, with their ability to keep the internal temperature stable, are often used in refrigerated rooms.



250^w

 65^{dB}

Absorption

Noise level

/ BASIC SPECIFICATIONS

Operation

Bags fabric quality

Top bags height

Automatic

2.500 g/m²

1.300 ^{mm}

Inflation time

Width

Height

o sec.

3.600^{mm}

4.000 mm

Thanks to a fan on inflatable dock shelter, the blower inflates its wings until it clings to the walls of the vehicle.

This system is definitely the most pratical and convenient solution because it automatically adapts to any size isothermal truck.





INDUSTRIAL DOORS

SECTIONAL DOORS

Sectional doors open by sliding vertically, which allows them to take up as little space as possible when opening.



SECTIONAL DOORS

SAFETY, STYLE, SOLIDITY. OPEN NEW PERSPECTIVES WITH OUR SECTIONAL DOORS

Thanks to the perimeter gaskets, they guarantee an optimal thermal insulation and resistance to atmospheric agents. They consist of galvanized steel rails, where panels with expanded polyurethane, covered with pre-painted sheet, hinged toghether, slide through shelves with wheels.

STRUCTURE

Suitable for standard applications (panel thickness 40mm) and for refrigeration field (panel thickness 80mm)



40/80^{mm}

Panel thickness

I_a 25^{dB}

Sound proof

/ BASIC SPECIFICATIONS

Wind resistance

1000 Pa N/m³ Class 3

Air permeability

40 m^{3/m²/h} at 60 Pa Class 3 Thermal resistance (no windows)

0.8^{W/(m²/K)}

Thermal resistance (with windows)

1,0 W/(m²/K)

Maximum width

6.000 mm

Maximum height

6.000 mm

As standard, PFI offers different types of elevation, which allow the use of sectional doors with any lintel height.

There are three most common elevations: standard lift, high lift and vertical lift.

The first one is recommended when the height of the lintel is limited to 500mm.

If the height of the lintel exceeds 500mm it is recommended to opt for the high lift models

Otherwise, when the height of the lintel is more than double the height of the door, it is advisable to opt with vertical lift.



MODELS



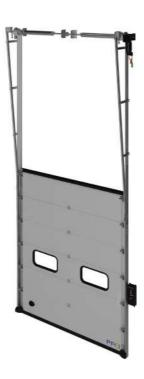


STANDARD

Lintel height = 500 mm

HIGH

Lintel height > 500 mm



VERTICAL

Lintel height = $(H^*2) + 410^{mm}$

ELEVATION TYPES

In order to satisfy any requirement, PFI promote other types of elevations, more elaborate than those previously described.

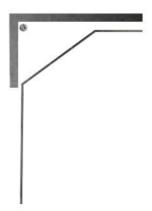




PSDHS
High lift
(spring on back of panel)

PSDLB Lower lift (spring on back)





PSDLF Lower lift (spring on front)

PSDSW High lift angular



8

PSDLC Sloping lower lift

PSDSCSloping standard lift





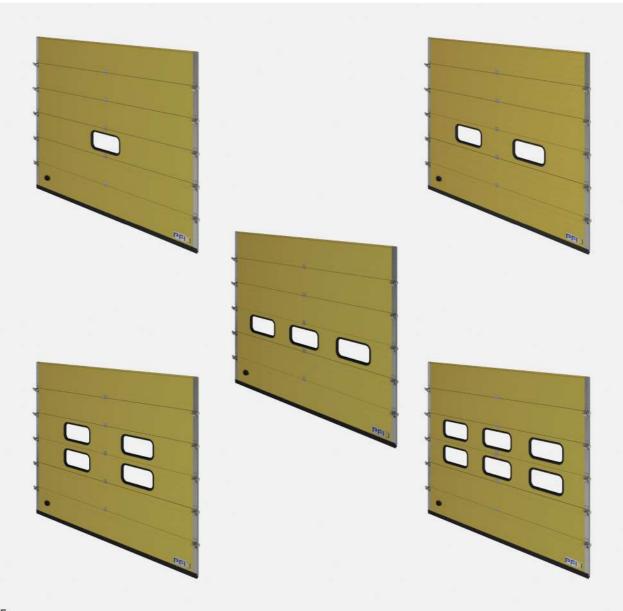
PSDVA Vertical lift angular

PSDVS

Vertical lift
(spring on back of panel)

SECTIONAL DOORS

WINDOW OPTIONS



SECTIONAL DOORS

WINDOWS THAT LOOK OUT ONTO THE WORLD OPEN DOORS TO THE BEAUTY AND INFINITE DIVERSITY OF LIFE.

To allow greater illumination and to improve visibility between different zones, the panels can be integrated with standard windows.

As standard, windows are not included in our sectional doors but can be optional.

ACCESSORIES



AUTOMATION

With motor and control panel



PHOTOCELLS

The door opens automatically when the signal is interrupted

All sectional doors can be equipped with many accessories, useful for various applications



MAGNETIC LOOP

It detect the presence of forklift and open the door



PULL CORD

Allow the door to be opened by a rope hanging from above





REMOTE CONTROL

It is possible to operate multiple doors with one remote control

PEDESTRIAN DOOR

For areas with high traffic of pedestrians



LATCH

It will prevent the door from opening manually

LOADING BAYS: DESIGN GUIDE

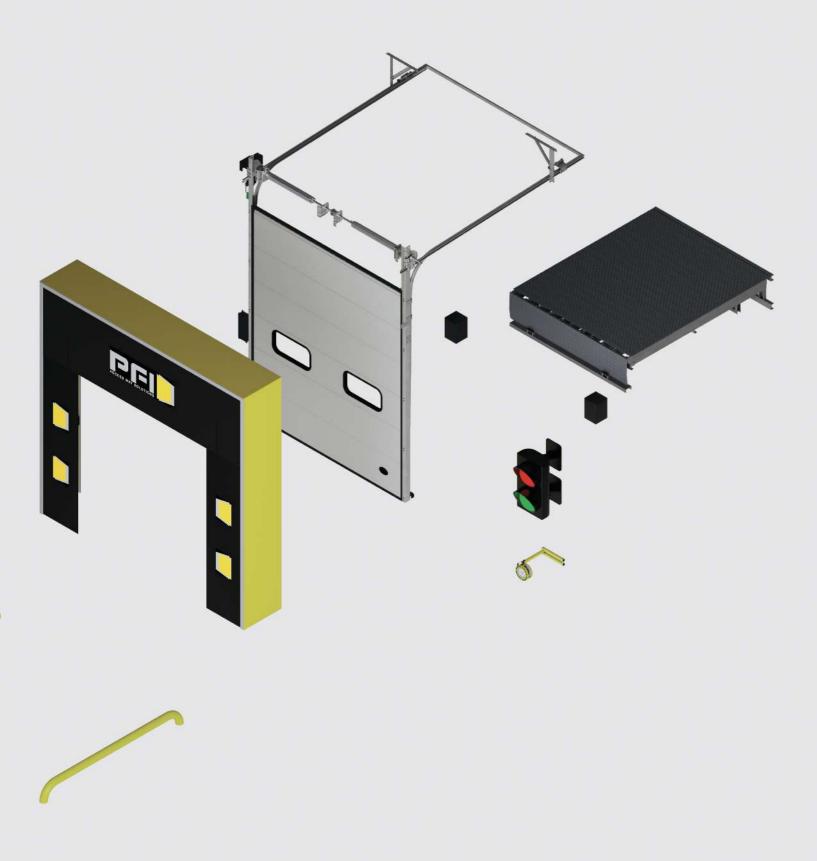
The design of the loading bays, as well as their structure, is essential for logistics flows to take place in an agile and uncomplicated manner. The position of the loading bays is crucial for carrying out truck maneuvers both in terms of speed and in terms of safety.

Given the importance they have on a logistical level and for warehouse activities, before building, it is a good idea to review this checklist.

- Establish the warehouse approach;
- Decide whether you will receive large-capacity trucks;
- Check the presence or absence of slopes in the ground;
- Consider the aesthetic and organizational factor;
- Analyze production factors;
- Study climate factors;
- Plan for future warehouse expansion.

The number of loading bays depends on the positions in which the accesses to the plant are located, which in turn is determined by the study of the flows of goods, the volume of deliveries, the moment in which the goods are received, the time necessary for unload and transfer all loads received at the destination and by the number of available handling vehicles.





PFI Loading Bays: Optimizing Logistics Flow

Loading Bays are an essential part of logistics operations in any company that manages the movement of goods and products. The PFI company, with its reputation for efficiency and professionalism, is no exception in this aspect. PFI's Loading Bays represent a key element in the company's supply chain and are carefully designed to ensure a smooth logistics flow. PFI is a leading company in the logistics and transportation field. Its operations involve the transportation of goods of all types and sizes, from small packages to large-scale cargo.



Cargo management is crucial to the company, and loading bays are at the heart of this process.

In conclusion, PFI loading bays are a crucial part of our success in logistics and transportation. Their thoughtful design, efficient management and attention to safety help ensure that loading and unloading operations run smoothly. PFI constantly strives to improve its products and remain at the forefront of the industry, making the loading bays a key selling point for our company.





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